### **Technical Data Sheet**



### Elastospray<sup>®</sup> LWP 1672/1 Low Warming Potential

Page 1 / 7 Edition 01 Date 30/01/2017

#### **Application:**

The Elastospray LWP 1672/1 system is a 4<sup>th</sup> generation sprayed (in-situ) **thermal insulation**. This system was particularly formulated to be used in walls, ceilings and floors. Emphasizes the application on façades where, besides the thermal insulation, it performs the function of **waterproofing**.

#### Intended use: Thermal insulation of buildings

The Elastospray LWP product line is free of ingredients that contribute to global warming due to the greenhouse effect or that deplete the ozone layer.

The Elastospray LWP 1672/1 system uses as blowing agent a Hydrofluoro-olefine (HFO) with ultra-low global warming potential by greenhouse effect (GWP100 = 1) and low thermal conductivity value. The permanent nature of this blowing agent confers the product high thermal insulating properties.

Aside from its excellent properties as an insulation material, this system has following advantages:

- Insulation and waterproofing in one step.
- Excellent water tightness throughout his life.
- High resistance to cracking.
- Excellent adhesion to the substrate. The spray foam bonds to most surfaces without the need for glues or mechanical fasteners.
- Air tightness.

#### **Chemical Characteristics:**

Component A:	Elastospray LWP 1672/1/*	Mixture of polyols and additives (Catalysts, Surfactants and blowing agents**). Product does not contain HFCs.
	* Reactivity guideline:	V= Summer, under warm processing conditions (10 to 40°C) I= Winter, under cold processing conditions (5 to 30°C)
		NOTE: the indicated temperature ranges are recommendations to gui the choice to the most suitable product.
	** The product is free of ingedier by the regulation (EU) No 517	nts with high global warming potential by greenhouse effect (GWP) affecte /2014.
Component B:	IsoPMDI 92140	MDI (diphenylmethane diisocyanate)

#### Supply:

The type of supply for the components will be decided after consultation with our Sales Office.

#### Storage, Preparation:

Polyurethane components are moisture sensitive. Therefore they must be stored at all times in sealed, closed containers. The A-component (Polyol) must be homogenised by basic stirring before processing. More detailed information should be obtained from the separate data sheet entitled "Information for in-coming material control, storage, material preparation and waste disposal" and from the component data.



 Page
 2 / 7

 Edition
 01

 Date
 30/01/2017

#### **Possible Hazards:**

The B-component (Isocyanate) irritates the eyes, respiratory organs and the skin. Sensitization is possible through inhalation and skin contact. MDI is harmful by inhalation. On processing these, take note of the necessary precautionary measures described in the Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS). This applies also for the possible dangers in using the A-component (Polyol) as well as any other components.

See also our separate information sheet "Safety- and Precautionary Measures for the Processing of Polyurethane Systems. Use our Training Program "Safe Handling of Isocyanate."

#### Waste Disposal:

More detailed information is provided in our country -specific pamphlet.

#### Consumer articles, medical products:

There are national and international laws and regulations to consider if it is intended to produce consumer articles (eg articles that necessitate food or skin contact, toys etc.) or medical objects out of BASF products. Where these do not exist, the current legal requirements of the European Union for consumer articles as well as medical products should be sufficient. Consultation with our Sales Office and our Ecology and Product Safety Department is strongly recommended.

#### Handling and installation instructions:

See our "Guide for the Application of Elastospray LWP systems".

Component data (25°C):					
Property	Unit	Comp. A	Comp. B	Method	
Viscosity at 25ºC	mPa.s	260	220	G133-07*	
Density at 25°C	g/cm <sup>3</sup>	1,18	1,23	G133-08*	
OH Value	mgKOH/g	280	-	G133-01*	
NCO Content	%, weight	-	31,5	G133-06*	
Shelf Life	Months	3	6		

\* BASF methods



 Page
 3 / 7

 Edition
 01

 Date
 30/01/2017

<b>Reaction Profile and Free Rise Density:</b> (components at 20 $\pm$ 2 $^{\circ}$ C and the indicated mixing ratio)					
Property	Unit	Elastospray LWP 1672/1/V	Elastospray LWP 1672/1/I	Method	
Mixing ratio (weight)		100:104	100:104	G132-01*	
Cream Time (CT)	S	4	4	G132-01*	
Gel time (GT)	S	8	7	G132-01*	
Tack Free Time (TFT)	S	10	9	G132-01*	
Beaker Free Rise Density (FRB)	kg/m³	33,0	33,0	G132-01*	

\* BASF method in accordance with the method described in standard EN 14315-1

#### Process:

The spraying process consists of projecting a pulverized mixture of the two components onto surface which is meant to be insulated. The mixture reacts on the surface, adhering to it instantaneously, and expands into rigid foam. The following conditions should be observed for the correct application of the system:

		Elastospray LWP 1672/1/V	Elastospray LWP 1672/1/I			
	Machine Conditions					
Mixing Ratio of Compo	nents:	1:1 (volume)				
Component Temperatu	ires:	30 − 50 °C				
Component Pressure:		60 – 110 Bar				
Environmental Conditions						
Ambient Temperature:		Between +10 and +40 °C	Between +5 and +30 <sup></sup> <sup>o</sup> C			
Relative Humidity:		< 85 %				
Wind speed:		≤ 30 km/h				
Substrate Conditions						
Substrate Temperature:		Between +10 and +40 <sup></sup> C	Between +5 and +30 <sup></sup> <sup>o</sup> C			
Substrate Humidity:	Porous substrates	≤ 20 %				
	Nonporous substrates	Without condensations on substrate				

The thickness of each applied layer should be between 1,5 and 4 cm. In order to maintain an adequate dimensional stability, it is not recommended to apply ticker layers.

IMPORTANT: When applying thicker layers (3 - 4 cm), it is very important to wait a minimum of 10 minutes between passes in order to give the foam enough time to release the heat coming from the exothermic reaction, otherwise it can occur delamination.

The distance from the spray gun to the substrate is recommended to be approx. 80 cm.



Page 4 / 7 Edition 01 Date 30/01/2017

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	DoP-No.: <b>ES19-0013-01-CPR-17</b> www.elastospray.eu/dop
	EN 14315-1:2013
	In-situ formed sprayed rigid polyurethane (PU) foam system
	ThIB – Thermal Insulation for Buildings
	Reaction to fire – E,d0 (valid for all thicknesses)
	Thermal conductivity: see performance chart
	Water permeability (expressed as short term water absorption by partial immersion): max. 0,20 kg/m <sup>2</sup>
	Water vapour transmission (expressed as water vapour resistance factor $\mu$ ): <b>65</b>
	Compressive strength: min. 200 kPa
	Continuous glowing combustion: no harmonized test method available
	Durability of reaction to fire against ageing/degradation: reaction to fire does not decrease with time
	Durability of thermal resistance against ageing/degradation: see performance chart
	Durability of compressive strength against ageing/degradation: compressive strength does not decrease with time
ŀ	Designation code:
	Elastospray LWP 1672/1/I: PU EN 14315-1-CCC4-CT4(20)-GT7(20)-TFT9(20)-FRB33(20)-W0,2-CS(10/Y)200- DLT(2)5-MU65-A3
	Elastospray LWP 1672/1/V: PU EN 14315-1-CCC4-CT4(20)-GT7(20)-TFT9(20)-FRB33(20)-W0,2-CS(10/Y)200- DLT(2)5-MU65-A3



Thermal

resistance

level (R<sub>D</sub>)

m<sup>2</sup>·K/W

4,35

4,55

4,75

4,90

5,10

5,30

5,45

5,65

5,85

6,00

6,20

6,40

6,55

6,75

6,95

7,10

7,30

Page 5/7 Edition 01 30/01/2017 Date

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Type of facin	g: None or diffusion	open	Type of facing	: None or diffusion o
Thickness	Declared aged thermal conductivity (λ <sub>D</sub> )	Thermal resistance level (R <sub>D</sub> )	Thickness	Declared aged thermal conductivity (λ <sub>D</sub> )
	W/m·K	m²∙K/W		W/m·K
30 mm	0,028	1,05	120 mm	0,028
35 mm	0,028	1,25	125 mm	0,028
40 mm	0,028	1,45	130 mm	0,028
45 mm	0,028	1,60	135 mm	0,028
50 mm	0,028	1,80	140 mm	0,028
55 mm	0,028	2,00	145 mm	0,028
60 mm	0,028	2,15	150 mm	0,028
65 mm	0,028	2,35	155 mm	0,028
70 mm	0,028	2,55	160 mm	0,028
75 mm	0,028	2,70	165 mm	0,028
80 mm	0,028	2,90	170 mm	0,028
85 mm	0,028	3,10	175 mm	0,028
90 mm	0,028	3,25	180 mm	0,028
95 mm	0,028	3,45	185 mm	0,028
100 mm	0,028	3,65	190 mm	0,028
105 mm	0,028	3,80	195 mm	0,028
110 mm	0,028	4,00	200 mm	0,028
115 mm	0,028	4,20		

Declared aged thermal conductivity value ( $\lambda_D$ ) at 10  $^{\circ}C$  calculated with statistical procedure 90/90 and rounded upwards to the nearest 0,001 W/m·K.

Thermal resistance value (R<sub>D</sub>) calculated with aged thermal conductivity at 10 ° C and rounded downwards to the nearest 0,05 m<sup>2</sup> K / W.



Page	6/7
Edition	01
Date	30/01/2017

Foam Physical Properties declared in the CE Marking:				
Property	Elastospray LWP 1672/1	Unit	Standard	
Short term water absorption by partial immersion	≤ 0,20	kg/m²	EN 1609	
Water vapour resistance factor (µ)	≥ 65	-	EN 12086	
Closed cells content	≥ 90	%	ISO 4590	
Substrate adhesion strength perpendicular to faces	> 100	kPa	EN 14315-1	
Compression strength (10% deformation)	≥ 200	kPa	EN 826	
Deformation under load and temperature Load Temperature Total thickness reduction Test duration	40 70 ± 1 ≤ 5,0 168 ± 1	kPa ℃ % h	EN 1605	
<b>Thermal conductivity at 10ºC</b> Aged value	See Performance Chart	W/(m⋅K)	EN 14315-1	
Reaction to Fire (naked foam)	Class E (valid for all thicknesses)	-	EN 13501-1	

#### Suitable substrates:

Under favorable weather conditions, the rigid spray polyurethane foam Elastospray LWP has a good adhesion to most constructions materials (concrete, brick, wood, steel). They must be clean (without dust or grease), dry and, in case of metallic substrates, free of rust. If the adhesion is not acceptable under these conditions, a previous treatment like a primer may be necessary.

Nevertheless, due to the wide range of substrates and primers used in construction, it is not possible to guarantee perfect adhesion of this system to all surfaces. It is therefore recommended to test adhesion in each case.

See our "Guide for the application of Elastospray LWP Systems" for more detailed information about the general installation process and the suitable substrates.



Page 7 / 7 Edition 01 Date 30/01/2017

#### **Complementary Information:**

• Guide for the application of Elastospray LWP Systems.

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